Hempel's Antifouling Globic 9500M



Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Europe

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Hempel's Antifouling Globic 9500M

Product identity: 7895460600

Product type: antifouling paint self polishing

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application : ships and shipyards.

Identified uses: Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : HEMPEL A/S

Lundtoftegårdsvej 91 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby

Denmark

Tel.: + 45 45 93 38 00 hempel@hempel.com

Date of issue : 21 November 2022

Date of previous issue : 15 November 2021.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226
Acute Tox. 4, H302
Acute Tox. 4, H332
Acute Tox. 4, H332
Skin Irrit. 2, H315

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION SKIN Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION

Carc. 2, H351 CARCINOGENICITY

Repr. 2, H361d TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION

STOT RE 2, H373 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)

Aquatic Acute 1, H400 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE)
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:











1.4 Emergency telephone number

+45 45 93 38 00 (08.00 - 17.00)

See section 4 First aid measures.

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 + H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep

away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid

release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

Response: Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazardous ingredients:

white spirit zineb (ISO)

4-methylpentan-2-one copper pyrithione

4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one

octhilinone (ISO)

Supplemental label elements :

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-

Not applicable.

resistant fastenings:

Tactile warning of danger:

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result None known.

in classification:

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) N	lo. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
popper (I) oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.34 mg/l M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥5 - ≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 5000 ppm	[1] [2]
white spirit	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-191-7 CAS: 64742-88-7 Index: 649-405-00-X	≥5 - <10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system (CNS)) (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≥5 - ≤10	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
zineb (ISO)	EC: 235-180-1 CAS: 12122-67-7 Index: 006-078-00-2	≥3 - ≤5	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
4-methylpentan-2-one	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥3 - ≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
copper pyrithione	EC: 238-984-0 CAS: 14915-37-8	≥3 - ≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 1075 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.07 mg/l M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1 - ≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
tetraethyl silicate	REACH #: 01-2119496195-28 EC: 201-083-8 CAS: 78-10-4 Index: 014-005-00-0	≥1 - ≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
cupric oxide	EC: 215-269-1 CAS: 1317-38-0	≥1 - ≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 10	[1]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

o-xylene	Index: 029-016-00-6 REACH #: 01-2119485822-30 EC: 202-422-2 CAS: 95-47-6	≥1 - ≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: C ≥ 5% Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.025% ≤ C < 5% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 3% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.025% ≤ C < 3% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
octhilinone (ISO)	EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text	ATE [Oral] = 125 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 311 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.27 mg/l Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
			above.	or the 11 statements decialed	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Tvpe

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.

Active substances

Product/ingredient name (% by weight)

copper (I) oxide (39.2 % by weight) zineb (ISO) (3.3 % by weight) copper pyrithione (3.2 % by weight)

4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one (0.7 % by weight)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person.

If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate

treatment (first aid).

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by

mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm

and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so

that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that

fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed. Treat

symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested

or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Not to be used: waterjet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or

mixture:

Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur

oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used. Care should be taken in the selection of protective clothing to ensure that inflammation and irritation of the skin at the neck and wrists through contact with the powder are avoided.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Storage: Do not store above the following temperature: 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

Specific end use(s): Antifouling products.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
w/lene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
white spirit	EU OEL (Europe). (ACGIH) TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. (ACGIH) TWA: 145 mg/m³ 8 hours.
4-methylpentan-2-one	EÙ OEL (Europe, 1/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

tetraethyl silicate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022).

TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 44 mg/m³ 8 hours.

o-xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels

Not applicable.

Predicted effect concentrations

Not applicable.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Individual protection measures

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact

with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.









Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face

respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection: Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The

quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific

workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the

appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber

Short term exposure: neoprene rubber, butyl rubber, natural rubber (latex), polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection: Care should be taken in the selection of protective clothing to ensure that inflammation and irritation of

the skin at the neck and wrists through contact with the product are avoided.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk

> assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid. Color: Brown. Odor: Solvent-like

pH: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Melting point/freezing point : 439.835°C This is based on data for the following ingredient: copper (I) oxide

Boiling point/boiling range: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flash point: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Evaporation rate: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and

static discharge and heat.

Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.

Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: reducing materials.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits:

0.6 - 23 vol %

Vapor pressure: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Vapor density:

1.816 g/cm³ Specific gravity:

Partition coefficient (LogKow): Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature : Lowest known value: >220°C (>428°F) (white spirit).

Decomposition temperature: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product. Viscosity:

Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static Explosive properties:

discharge and heat.

Oxidizing properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight: Weighted average: 21 % Water % by weight : Weighted average: 0 %

VOC content: 373.9 g/l

TOC Content: Weighted average: 311 g/l Solvent Gas: Weighted average: 0.077 m3/l

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and reducing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: organic materials, acids, alkalis and moisture.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
popper (I) oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1340 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
•	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	6350 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3523 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
zineb (ISO)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
copper pyrithione	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.07 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1075 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
tetraethyl silicate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
-	LDLo Intravenous	Rabbit	400 mg/kg	-
o-xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	21.5 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3567 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
octhilinone (ISO)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.58 mg/l	4 hours
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapors) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/l
Hempel's Antifouling Globic 9500M	1772.4	18350.8	97119.2	212.8	2.3
copper (I) oxide	500				3.34
xylene	3523	1100	5000		
4-methylpentan-2-one				11	
copper pyrithione	1075				0.07
ethylbenzene	3500			11	
tetraethyl silicate	6270			11	
o-xylene	3567	1100		11	
4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one	567				0.16
octhilinone (ISO)	125	311			0.27

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure
pper (I) oxide	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
xylene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams
•	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500 milligrams
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100 microliters
, ,	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500 milligrams
copper pyrithione	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	-
•	Respiratory - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 15 milligrams
tetraethyl silicate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500 milligrams
,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams
octhilinone (ISO)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams
,	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-

Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
octhilinone (ISO)	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

Mutagenic effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenic effects

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
white spirit zineb (ISO)	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3		Narcotic effects
tetraethyl silicate o-xylene	Category 3 Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
white spirit ethylbenzene	Category 1	inhalation	central nervous system (CNS)
	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
white spirit ethylbenzene o-xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

Sensitization: Contains zineb (ISO), 4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties: See Section 15 for details.

Other information: No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
pper (I) oxide	Acute EC50 65 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
,	Acute EC50 0.51 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0081 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
white spirit	Acute EC50 4.6 - 10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
·	Acute EC50 10 - 20 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10 - 30 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
zinc oxide	EC50 0.413 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 0.1169 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.17 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l	Daphnia - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	48 hours
	Acute LC50 24600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic EC50 0.136 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
zineb (ISO)	Acute EC50 0.036 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
,	Acute LC50 970 - 1800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7200 - 10300 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris	96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Chronic NOEC 7800 - 39000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
copper pyrithione	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.0043 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Chronic NOEC <1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin 3-one	- Acute EC50 0.0057 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.048 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.014 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
octhilinone (ISO)	Acute EC50 0.084 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 0.42 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.036 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
xylene	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	90 - 98 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	>60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
white spirit	301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	7 - 74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	84 % - 14 days	100 mg/l	-
ethylbenzene	-	>70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
tetraethyl silicate	-	98 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-	OECD 301B Ready	0.1 % - Not readily - 28 days	-	-
3-one	Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	, ,		

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
w/lene	-	-	Readily
white spirit	-	-	Readily
zinc oxide	-	-	Not readily
4-methylpentan-2-one	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
tetraethyl silicate	-	-	Readily
4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-	-	-	Not readily
3-one			

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Mene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	low
white spirit	3 - 7.3	-	high
zinc oxide	2.2	60960	high
zineb (ISO)	1.3	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.31	2	low
copper pyrithione	-	50	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
tetraethyl silicate	3.18	-	low
o-xylene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	low
4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one	6.4	<13	low
octhilinone (ISO)	2.45	507 - 538	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

No known data avaliable in our database.

(K_{oc}):

Mobility: No known data avaliable in our database.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vΡ	vB		
This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.									

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

See Section 15 for details.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 11*

Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	14.1 UN / ID no.	14.2 Proper shipping name		l4.3 Γrans	port hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN2929	TOXIC LIQUID FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (copper pyrithione, xylene)	Э,	6.1	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	II	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN2929	TOXIC LIQUID FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (copper pyrithione, xylene). (copper (I) oxide)	Э,	6.1	₹ 2	II	Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-D
IATA Class	UN2929	TOXIC LIQUID FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (copper pyrithione, xylene)	Э,	6.1 3		II	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG*: Packing group

Env.*: Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Product/ingredient name	Annex	Status	
zineb (ISO)	Annex I - Part 1	Listed	

Seveso category This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b E1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute 1 or Chronic 1

Biocidal Products Regulations

Restrictions on use. : Product is not intended for consumer use.

Directions for use and dose rate : Spray or Roller application or brushing

Dose: See separate Product Data Sheet, Application instructions or label.

Additional information: (Product Type: 21 - Antifouling products) Liquid. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face

protection. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety

data sheet

International regulations

IMO Anti-fouling System Convention Compliant (AFS/CONF/26)

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Hempel's Antifouling Globic 9500M



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product does not contain organotin compounds acting as biocides and complies with the International Convention on the Control of Harmful Anti-fouling Systems on Ships as adopted by IMO October 2001 (IMO document AFS/CONF/26)

Product type: antifouling paint self polishing

Manufacturer: Hempel A/S

Product name and/or code: Hempel's Antifouling Globic 9500M

7895460600

Colour: Brown.

Note: This name is shown on the product container. All products in HEMPEL's containers carrying this name comply with the IMO

Convention (AFS/CONF/26).

Active ingredient(s): copper (I) oxide 1317-39-1

zineb (ISO) 12122-67-7 copper pyrithione 14915-37-8

4,5-dichloro-2-n-octyl -4-isothiazolin-3-one 64359-81-5

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

RRN = REACH Registration Number DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

Full text of abbreviated H statements :

₩225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H228 Flammable solid. H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] : Acute Tox. 2 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Acu

Acute Tox. 4

Aquatic Acute 1

Aquatic Chronic 1

Aquatic Chronic 2

Aquatic Chronic 3

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE İRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Flam. Sol. 1 FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1
Repr. 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

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SECTION 16: Other information

Skin Corr. 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral)	Calculation method
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE)	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)	Calculation method

Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.

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